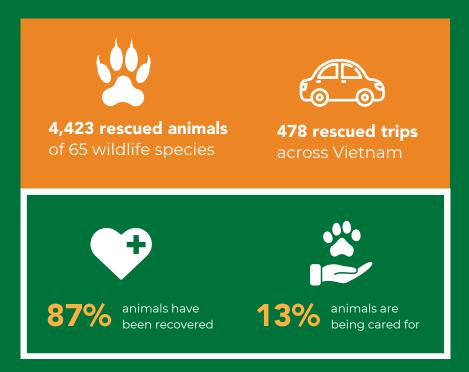
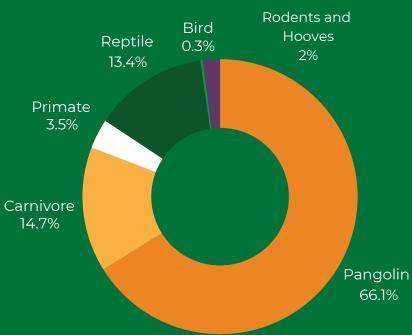
# SAVE VIETNAM'S WILDLIFE HIGHLIGHTS RESULTS IN 10 YEARS

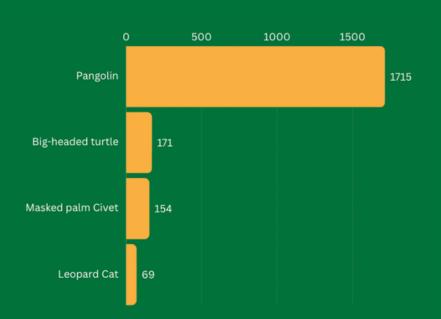


## **SPECIES CONSERVATION**

SVW collaborated with Cuc Phuong and Pu Mat National Parks (NPs) to operate 2 rescue centers with rescue, rehabilitation and reintroduction activities.









## **CONSERVATION STRATEGIES**

- Conservation Strategy for Owston's Civet
- Emergency Conservation Action Plan for Pangolin in Vietnam 2020 - 2030
- Conservation Activities for Otters
- Conservation Activities for Endangered Turtle Species
- Emergency Action Plan for Primate Conservation by 2025 - Vision 2030
- Conservation Activities for Asian Elephant

## **SPECIES CONSERVATION**

#### **BREEDING PROGRAM**



Owston's Civets





In June 2024, Cuc Phuong National Park (NP) collaborated with SVW successfully bred 10 offspring of Owston's Civets at the Carnivore and Pangolin Conservation Program (CPCP). The 10 newborns were bred from 4 pairs of Owston's Civets and are currently in stable condition. All animals are being continuously monitored 24/7 through a camera system to ensure effective management and care.

## 27 June, 2023

SVW organized 2 conferences at Cuc Phuong and Cat Tien NPs to promote the establishment of Wildlife Rescue Netwwork (WRN). SVW was elected to be the Chair of the network to promote, connect and develop its members, as well as to implment the Action Plan for 2023 - 2024.

## **CONSERVATION RESEARCH**

We conduct field and social research to evaluate the status and fluctuations of species populations in various areas, providing assessments and recommendations for conservation activities. Particularly, SVW is one of the pioneering organizations in using advanced technology in conservation research such as camera traps, Al cameras, radio telemetry equipment, and drones.

35,568

Records of animals in the wild

1,189

06

187

Species recorded

Camera traps installed

Social research conducted

Some endangered species recorded by camera traps are Annamite striped rabbit, Sunda pangolin, Large Indian Civet, Marbled Cat, Owston's Civet, Binturong, Spotted linsang, etc.











## SITE PROTECTION

SVW signed the Memorandum of Understanding with 5 National Parks and Nature Reserves around Vietnam to implement forest patrol, with the aim of detecting and preventing violation related to illegal wildlife trafficking and trade.

#### **FOREST PATROL RESULTS**



260,961



Area of patrol (ha)

Violator arrested





Illegal camps destroyed Guns confiscated

## Traps removed

#### **CONSERVED SPECIES IN THE PROTECTED SITES**



68%





Amphibian

Bird

Mammal

Reptile











#### **HOW WE PROTECTED FORESTS AND ECOSYSTEMS**



Strengthen law enforcement in forests



Prevent wildlife trafficking activities



Raise public awareness about conservation



Reduce demand for wildlife



Promote ecotourism to provide sustainable income for local communities



Develop buffer zone livelihoods



Restore ex-site wildlife populations



Research on species population dynamics and monitor some key species

#### APPLICATION OF MODERN TECHNOLOGY

SVW applies SMART and PoacherCam technology in forest patrols to detect violations related to illegal hunting and trafficking of wildlife products. The support of these technologies has helped reduce violations by 60% in recent years.

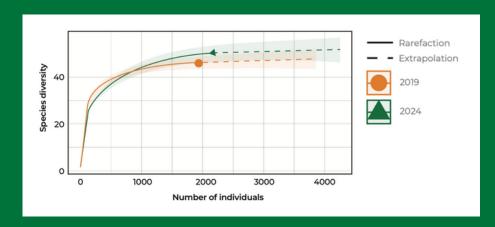


100%

Anti-poaching officers applied SMART in all protected sites.



Image of poachers captured by PoacherCam



The results of the camera traps throughout Pu Mat show that the wildlife population is thriving, and many species are moving in to inhabit the area when the environment is safer, leading to an increase in the number of species captured by the camera traps.

The camera trap research in Cat Tien shows that the density of Sunda pangolins in Cat Tien National Park is the highest among the areas having the camera traps. Many species like Asian elephants, Bos gaurus, Black-shanked douc, Annamese langur and Deer are thriving well in this site also.





## **COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**



41,505

People engaged through education programs



5,740

Educational billboards and posters installed



Workshops and training sessions conducted



Educational

materials produced

1,010,250



People participated Social surveys in social surveys



carried out

### **EDUCATION AND AWARENESS RAISING PROGRAM**



In 2016, we established the first Carnivore and Pangolin Education Centre in Vietnam (EduCentre). Since 2016, the EduCentre has been growing alongside SVW and has become an important destination of conservation education for local and international students and tourists. To date, we have welcomed 33,779 visitors, over 60% of which are students.

#### THE NATURE EXPERIENTIAL EDUCATION PROGRAM IN CUC PHUONG NP.

14,028

students participated in **Education Programs** 

268

kindergartens were involved

269

nature experience trips were organized

+80%

visitors commit to 3 "NO's": no consumption of wild meat, no using of wildlife products, no involvement in illegal wildlife trade

#### **CONSERVATION EDUCATION PROGRAM** AT PU MAT NP



SVW established strategic partnership with Pu Mat National Park and the Department of Education and Training in the buffer zone to develop a conservation education program in schools to nurture the love and pride for nature in local students and promote them to take action to conserve wildlife.

20,587

students, teachers and parents participated in education programs

primary and secondary schools in Anh Son, Con Cuong, Tuong Duong were involved

**98**%

of students reported that they will not adopt forest-based livelihood options

core team to protect Pu Mat forest was established

schools have directly proposed and implemented education activities

**99**%

of students and teachers committed not to consume wildlife products

#### **RAISING COMMUNITY AWARENESS**



workshops were organized with the participation of local leaders and community members



3,885

people committed not to use illegal wildlife and to report cases of violations of wildlife laws



billboards posters have been installed at central locations and forest entrances in buffer zones of NPs

## **COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

#### **DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM**



The launching workshops of "Con Cuong District says no to illegal consumption of wildlife" campaign was organized with the participation of 156 attendees



1,115 responses of local people, government officers and restaurant owners were collected from 3 social surveys in 13 communes/towns



670 billboards and posters were installed on major roads, central locations, government administrative offices and crowded publoic places in Con Cuong



18 restaurant owners signed a commitment:
Not to trade, store, transport, process or advertise illegal wildlife products

## RESULTS AND SCALE UP THE SUCCESSFUL MODEL



The number of respondents willing to refuse wildlife meat consumption in social situations increased by 47%



The number of respondents approving of wildlife meat consumption decreased **by 6%** 



Most respondents believed that wildlife meat is more associated with disease outbreaks compared to conventional meat.

The initial success of the Demand Reduction program in Con Cuong serves as a foundation for SVW to expand our model to Vinh city and 05 other provinces: Dong Nai, Lam Dong, Binh Phuoc, Kien Giang, and Ca Mau surounding 03 other key conservation areas of SVW: Cat Tien, U Minh Thuong, and U Minh Ha National Park.

#### LIVELIHOOD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM



## **Future Vision/Goals**



To bring Vietnamese people closer to nature and engage them in experiential activities, we will continue to collaborate with our protected area partners to develop and diversi- ty ecotourism portfolio. These may include specialized tour routes tailored for various groups of tourists. Additionally, we will focus on building professional tourrism skills and communication capacity for national park partners. Beyond these efforts, SVW will strive to develop sustainable initiatives for alternative livelihood programs linked to ecotourism for buffer zone communities; and promote Vietnamese people to experience nature and change their habits regarding the use of ecological products.



## **Efforts to promote ecotourism**



SVW has been implementing various activities aimed at improving the capacity and quality of ecotourism services and products, as well as promoting communication in key conservation areas such as Cuc Phuong NP and Pu Mat NP. We have been supporting the development of experiential tourism products, conducting training to enhance the effectiveness of national park staff in operating experiential programs. Furthermore, we have conducted some background surveys to assess local needs for alternative sustainable livelihoods.